IDEA–Reauthorized Statute¹ ALIGNMENT WITH THE NO CHILD LEFT BEHIND ACT

(See also Highly Qualified Teachers)

The reauthorized Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) was signed into law on Dec. 3, 2004, by President George W. Bush. The provisions of the act will be effective on July 1, 2005, with the exception of some elements of the definition of "highly qualified teacher" that took effect upon the signing of the act. This is one in a series of documents, prepared by the Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services (OSERS) in the U.S. Department of Education, that covers a variety of high-interest topics and brings together the statutory language related to those topics to support constituents in preparing to implement the new requirements. This document addresses provisions of IDEA regarding the alignment between IDEA and No Child Left Behind, referred to in this document as the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965, which will take effect on July 1, 2005. It does not address any changes that may be made by the final regulations.

IDEA 2004:

1. Adds New Definitions

Core Academic Subjects: the term "core academic subjects" means English, reading or language arts; mathematics; science; foreign languages; civics and government; economics; the arts; history; and geography. [9101] of ESEA; [602(4)] of IDEA.

Limited English Proficient: the term "limited English proficient," when used with respect to an individual, means an individual:

- Who is aged 3 through 21;
- Who is enrolled or preparing to enroll in an elementary school or secondary school;
- Who was not born in the United States or whose native language is a language other than English;
 - o Who is a Native American or Alaska Native, or a native resident of the outlying areas; and
 - Who comes from an environment where a language other than English has had a significant impact on the individual's level of English language proficiency; or
 - Who is migratory, whose native language is a language other than English, and who comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant; and
- Whose difficulties in speaking, reading, writing or understanding the English language may be sufficient to deny the individual:
 - The ability to meet the state's proficient level of achievement on state assessments described in Section 1111(b)(3) of ESEA;
 - The ability to successfully achieve in classrooms where the language of instruction is English;
 or
 - o The opportunity to participate fully in society.

[9101] of ESEA; [602(18)] of IDEA.

Highly Qualified: for a complete definition of the term "highly qualified," please refer to the "Highly Qualified Teachers" document. [9101] of ESEA; [602(10)(F)] of IDEA.

2. Funds reserved to carry out state-level activities can be used

...to support the development and provision of appropriate accommodations for children with disabilities, or the development and provision of alternate assessments that are valid and reliable for assessing the performance of children with disabilities, in accordance with Sections 1111(b) and 6111 of ESEA. [611(e)(2)(C)(x)] of IDEA.

3. Use of funds in schoolwide programs

...a local educational agency (LEA) may use funds received under this part for any fiscal year to carry out a schoolwide program under Section 1114 of ESEA, except that the amount so used in any such program shall not exceed:

- The number of children with disabilities participating in the schoolwide program, multiplied by
- The amount received by the LEA under this part for that fiscal year, divided by
- The number of children with disabilities in the jurisdiction of that agency.

[613(a)(2)(D)(i)(ii)(I)(II)] of IDEA.

4. Use of funds to carry out activities under ESEA

If an LEA exercises the authority under clause (i), the agency shall use an amount of local funds equal to the reduction in expenditures under clause (i) to carry out activities authorized under ESEA. [613(a)(2)(C)(ii)] of IDEA.

5. Performance goals and indicators

The state has established goals for the performance of children with disabilities in the state that:

- Promote the purposes of this title as stated in Section 601(d) of IDEA;
- Are the same as the state's definition of adequate yearly progress (AYP), including the state's
 objectives for progress by children with disabilities, under Section 1111(b)(2)(C) of ESEA;
- Address graduation rates and dropout rates, as well as such other factors as the state may determine;
 and
- Are consistent, to the extent appropriate, with any other goals and standards for children established by the state.

In addition, the state must establish performance indicators it will use to assess progress toward achieving the goals described in Section 612(a)(15)(A) of IDEA, including measurable annual objectives for progress by children with disabilities under Section 1111(b)(2)(C)(v)(II)(c) of the ESEA. [612(a)(15)(A) and (B)] of IDEA.

6. Reporting

[The state] will annually report to the secretary and to the public on its progress, and the progress of children with disabilities, toward meeting the goals established under Section 612(a)(15)(A) of IDEA, that may include elements of the reports required under Section 1111(h) of ESEA. [612(a)(15)(C)] of IDEA.

7. Alternate achievement standards

If the state has adopted alternate academic achievement standards permitted under the regulations promulgated to carry out Section 1111(b)(1) of ESEA, the guidelines under Section 612(a)(16)(c)(i) of ESEA shall provide for alternate assessments that ... measure the achievement of children with disabilities against those standards. [612(a)(16)(C)(ii)(II)] of IDEA.

8. Records of migratory children

The LEA shall cooperate in the secretary's efforts under Section 1308 of ESEA to ensure the linkage of records pertaining to migratory children with a disability for the purpose or electronically exchanging, among the states, health and educational information regarding such children. [613(a)(9)] of IDEA.

9. Eligibility determination

In making a determination of eligibility under Section 614(b)(4)(A) of the IDEA, a child shall not be determined to be a child with a disability if the determinant factor is a lack of appropriate instruction in reading, including in the essential components of reading instruction as defined in Section 1208(3) of ESEA. [614(b)(5)(A)] of IDEA.

10. Alignment of personnel development plans

The application [for a state personnel development grant] shall include a plan that identifies and addresses state and local needs for preparation and professional development of personnel, as well as individuals who provide direct supplementary aids and services to children with disabilities, and that ... is integrated and aligned, to the maximum extent possible, with state plans and activities under ESEA. [653(a)(2)(C)] of IDEA.

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